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Spitting—Prohibited in Public Places. (Reg. Bd. of H., Apr. 28, 1913.)

REG. 9. The board of health hereby adjudges that the deposit of sputum in public places is a nuisance, source of filth, and cause of sickness, and it is hereby ordered that **spitting** upon the floor, platform, or steps of any railroad or railway station, car, public building, hall, church, theater, market, or any sidewalk be, and hereby is, prohibited.

Buildings and Premises—Care of—Nuisances. (Reg. Bd. of H., Apr. 28, 1913.)

REG. 10. Every occupant or owner of any dwelling house, tenement, or other building in this city shall keep such house or building and the yard belonging to the same free from all filth and from all substances having offensive odors.

REG. 11. Whenever a vault, cesspool, barn, or cellar, or any building on premises of any description becomes offensive, the same shall be satisfactorily cleaned, ventilated, and disinfected by the occupant or owner within such reasonable time as the board of health may in a notice thereof prescribe.

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REG. 13. Whenever the board of health is satisfied on due examination that a cellar, tenement, or building within the city occupied as a dwelling house has become, by reason of the number of occupants, want of cleanliness, or other cause, unfit for such purpose, the occupants shall correct the specified insanitary condition or remove therefrom within 48 hours after written notice has been given them. The board of health may conspicuously post in any room a card stating the number of adults or children who may sleep within it at one time. This card shall not be removed without the permission of said board. No room shall be used for sleeping purposes unless it contains 400 cubic feet of air space for each adult sleeping therein or 300 cubic feet of air space for each child under 12 years of age.

REG. 14. No rags, old paper, or other refuse material collected from dumping grounds, streets, or recovered from any source shall be brought into or allowed to remain within any building used as a dwelling.

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REG. 16. No person shall store or keep or allow to be stored or kept in any living room in the house of which he is the owner or occupant any fruit or merchandise.

REG. 17. The waste pipe of every sink now in use shall be furnished with a 4-inch round trap, unless there is already some trap connected thereto, approved by the board of health.

REG. 18. All dwelling houses shall have a separate water-closet or privy for each family.

REG. 19. Every inclosure containing one or more water-closets shall be provided with adequate ventilation to the outer air, either by window or by suitable light shaft.

REG. 20. No water-closet shall be located in any sleeping room. It shall be separated therefrom by plastered walls, unless otherwise permitted by the board of health.

Communicable Diseases—Morbidity Reports—Quarantine—Placarding—School Attendance—Disinfection—Funerals—Vaccination. (Reg. Bd. of H., Apr. 28, 1913.)

REG. 21. The board of health considers the following diseases as dangerous to the public health within the meaning of the statute: Actinomycosis, Asiatic cholera, cerebrospinal meningitis, diphtheria, glanders, leprosy, malignant pustule, measles, scarlet fever, smallpox, tetanus, trichinosis, tuberculosis, typhoid fever, typhus fever, chickenpox, whooping cough, yellow fever, ophthalmia neonatorum, trachoma, mumps, and anterior poliomyelitis.

REG. 22. If a physician knows that a person whom he is called to visit is infected with smallpox, diphtheria, scarlet fever, or any other disease dangerous to the public health, or if one or both eyes of any infant whom or whose mother he is called to visit